1	ENGROSSED SENATE
2	BILL NO. 967 By: Pugh of the Senate
3	and
4	Martinez of the House
5	
6	
7	An Act relating to regional transportation
8	authorities; amending 51 O.S. 2011, Sections 152, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 233, O.S.L. 2018,
9	154 and 155, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2016 (51 O.S. Supp. 2020, Sections 152 and 155), which relate to the Governmental Tort Claims Act; modifying definition; specifying liability for certain entities; modifying certain exemption from liability; updating statutory
10	
11	
12	references; and providing an effective date.
13	
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
15	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 51 O.S. 2011, Section 152, as last
16	amended by Section 1, Chapter 233, O.S.L. 2018 (51 O.S. Supp. 2020,
17	Section 152), is amended to read as follows:
18	Section 152. As used in The Governmental Tort Claims Act:
19	1. "Action" means a proceeding in a court of competent
20	jurisdiction by which one party brings a suit against another;
21	2. "Agency" means any board, commission, committee, department
22	or other instrumentality or entity designated to act in behalf of
23	the state or a political subdivision;

- 3. "Charitable health care provider" means a person who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of this state to administer health care in the ordinary course of business or the practice of a profession and who provides care to a medically indigent person, as defined in paragraph 9 of this section, with no expectation of or acceptance of compensation of any kind;
- 4. "Claim" means any written demand presented by a claimant or the claimant's authorized representative in accordance with this act the Governmental Tort Claims Act to recover money from the state or political subdivision as compensation for an act or omission of a political subdivision or the state or an employee;
- 5. "Claimant" means the person or the person's authorized representative who files notice of a claim in accordance with The Governmental Tort Claims Act. Only the following persons and no others may be claimants:
 - a. any person holding an interest in real or personal property which suffers a loss, provided that the claim of the person shall be aggregated with claims of all other persons holding an interest in the property and the claims of all other persons which are derivative of the loss, and that multiple claimants shall be considered a single claimant,
 - b. the individual actually involved in the accident or occurrence who suffers a loss, provided that the

- J

- individual shall aggregate in the claim the losses of all other persons which are derivative of the loss, or
- c. in the case of death, an administrator, special administrator or a personal representative who shall aggregate in the claim all losses of all persons which are derivative of the death;
- 6. "Community health care provider" means:
 - a. a health care provider who volunteers services at a community health center that has been deemed by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services as a federally qualified health center as defined by 42 U.S.C., Section 1396d(1)(2)(B),
 - b. a health provider who provides services to an organization that has been deemed a federally qualified look-alike community health center, and
 - c. a health care provider who provides services to a community health center that has made application to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for approval and deeming as a federally qualified lookalike community health center in compliance with federal application guidance, and has received comments from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services as to the status of such application with the established intent of resubmitting a modified

application, or, if denied, a new application, no later than six (6) months from the date of the official notification from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services requiring resubmission of a new application;

7. "Employee" means any person who is authorized to act in behalf of a political subdivision or the state whether that person is acting on a permanent or temporary basis, with or without being compensated or on a full-time or part-time basis.

a. Employee also includes:

- (1) all elected or appointed officers, members of governing bodies and other persons designated to act for an agency or political subdivision, but the term does not mean a person or other legal entity while acting in the capacity of an independent contractor or an employee of an independent contractor,
- (2) from September 1, 1991, through June 30, 1996,
 licensed physicians, licensed osteopathic
 physicians and certified nurse-midwives providing
 prenatal, delivery or infant care services to
 State Department of Health clients pursuant to a
 contract entered into with the State Department
 of Health in accordance with paragraph 3 of

23

24

subsection B of Section 1-106 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes but only insofar as services authorized by and in conformity with the terms of the contract and the requirements of Section 1-233 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and

- (3) any volunteer, full-time or part-time firefighter when performing duties for a fire department provided for in subparagraph j of paragraph 11 of this section.
- b. For the purpose of The Governmental Tort Claims Act, the following are employees of this state, regardless of the place in this state where duties as employees are performed:
 - (1) physicians acting in an administrative capacity,
 - (2) resident physicians and resident interns participating in a graduate medical education program of the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center, the College of Osteopathic Medicine of Oklahoma State University, or the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services,
 - (3) faculty members and staff of the University of
 Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and the College

- of Osteopathic Medicine of Oklahoma State
 University, while engaged in teaching duties,
- (4) physicians who practice medicine or act in an administrative capacity as an employee of an agency of the State of Oklahoma,
- (5) physicians who provide medical care to inmates pursuant to a contract with the Department of Corrections,
- (6) any person who is licensed to practice medicine pursuant to Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, who is under an administrative professional services contract with the Oklahoma Health Care Authority under the auspices of the Oklahoma Health Care Authority Chief Medical Officer, and who is limited to performing administrative duties such as professional guidance for medical reviews, reimbursement rates, service utilization, health care delivery and benefit design for the Oklahoma Health Care Authority, only while acting within the scope of such contract,
- (7) licensed medical professionals under contract with city, county, or state entities who provide

medical care to inmates or detainees in the custody or control of law enforcement agencies,

- (8) licensed mental health professionals as defined in Sections 1-103 and 5-502 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, who are conducting initial examinations of individuals for the purpose of determining whether an individual meets the criteria for emergency detention as part of a contract with the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, and
- in Sections 1-103 and 5-502 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, who are providing mental health or substance abuse treatment services under a professional services contract with the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services and are providing such treatment services at a state-operated facility.

Physician faculty members and staff of the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and the College of Osteopathic Medicine of Oklahoma State University not acting in an administrative capacity or engaged in teaching duties are not employees or agents of the state.

- c. Except as provided in subparagraph b of this

 paragraph, in no event shall the state be held liable

 for the tortious conduct of any physician, resident

 physician or intern while practicing medicine or

 providing medical treatment to patients;
 - 8. "Loss" means death or injury to the body or rights of a person or damage to real or personal property or rights therein;
 - 9. "Medically indigent" means a person requiring medically necessary hospital or other health care services for the person or the dependents of the person who has no public or private third-party coverage, and whose personal resources are insufficient to provide for needed health care;
 - 10. "Municipality" means any incorporated city or town, and all institutions, agencies or instrumentalities of a municipality;
 - 11. "Political subdivision" means:
 - a. a municipality,
 - b. a school district, including, but not limited to, a technology center school district established pursuant to Section 4410, 4411, 4420 or 4420.1 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
 - c. a county,
 - d. a public trust where the sole beneficiary or beneficiaries are a city, town, school district or

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

county. For purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims

Act, a public trust shall include:

- a municipal hospital created pursuant to Sections (1)30-101 through 30-109 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, a county hospital created pursuant to Sections 781 through 796 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or is created pursuant to a joint agreement between such governing authorities, that is operated for the public benefit by a public trust created pursuant to Sections 176 through 180.4 of Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes and managed by a governing board appointed or elected by the municipality, county, or both, who exercises control of the hospital, subject to the approval of the governing body of the municipality, county, or both,
- (2) a public trust created pursuant to Sections 176
 through 180.4 of Title 60 of the Oklahoma
 Statutes after January 1, 2009, the primary
 purpose of which is to own, manage, or operate a
 public acute care hospital in this state that
 serves as a teaching hospital for a medical
 residency program provided by a college of

3

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1 osteopathic medicine and provides care to 2 indigent persons, and 3 (3) a corporation in which all of the capital stock is owned, or a limited liability company in which 4 5 all of the member interest is owned, by a public 6 trust, for the purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act 7 е. only, a housing authority created pursuant to the 8 9 provisions of the Oklahoma Housing Authority Act, 10 f. for the purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act 11 only, corporations organized not for profit pursuant 12 to the provisions of the Oklahoma General Corporation 13 Act for the primary purpose of developing and providing rural water supply and sewage disposal 14 facilities to serve rural residents, 15 for the purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act 16 g. only, districts formed pursuant to the Rural Water, 17 Sewer, Gas and Solid Waste Management Districts Act, 18 for the purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act 19 h. only, master conservancy districts formed pursuant to 20 the Conservancy Act of Oklahoma, 21 i. for the purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act 22 only, a fire protection district created pursuant to 23

- the provisions of Section 901.1 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
 - j. for the purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, a benevolent or charitable corporate volunteer or full-time fire department for an unincorporated area created pursuant to the provisions of Section 592 et seq. of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
 - k. for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, an Emergency Services Provider rendering services within the boundaries of a Supplemental Emergency Services District pursuant to an existing contract between the Emergency Services Provider and the State Department of Health. Provided, however, that the acquisition of commercial liability insurance covering the activities of such Emergency Services Provider performed within the State of Oklahoma shall not operate as a waiver of any of the limitations, immunities or defenses provided for political subdivisions pursuant to the terms of The Governmental Tort Claims Act,
 - 1. for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, a conservation district created pursuant to the provisions of the Conservation District Act,

1 for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act, m. 2 districts formed pursuant to the Oklahoma Irrigation 3 District Act, for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, 4 n. 5 any community action agency established pursuant to Sections 5035 through 5040 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma 6 7 Statutes, for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, Ο. 9 any organization that is designated as a youth 10 services agency, pursuant to Section 2-7-306 of Title 11 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes, 12 р. for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, any judge presiding over a drug court, as defined by 13 Section 471.1 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 14 15 for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, q. any child-placing agency licensed by this state to 16 place children in foster family homes, and 17 a circuit engineering district created pursuant to 18 r. Section 687.1 of Title 69 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 19 20 and for purposes of The Governmental Tort Claims Act only, 21 s. a regional transportation authority created pursuant 22 to Section 1370.7 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes 23 24 including its contract operator and any railroad

operating in interstate commerce that sells a property interest or provides services to a regional transportation authority or allows the authority to use the property or tracks of the railroad for the provision of public passenger rail service to the extent claims against the contract operator or railroad arise out of or are related to or in connection with such property interest, services or operation of the public passenger rail service.

Provided, the acquisition of commercial liability insurance to cover the activities of the regional transportation authority, contract operator or railroad shall not operate as a waiver of any liabilities, immunities or defenses provided pursuant to the provisions of the Governmental Tort Claims Act,

and all their institutions, instrumentalities or agencies;

- 12. "Scope of employment" means performance by an employee acting in good faith within the duties of the employee's office or employment or of tasks lawfully assigned by a competent authority including the operation or use of an agency vehicle or equipment with actual or implied consent of the supervisor of the employee, but shall not include corruption or fraud;
- 13. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution,

- hospital, college, university, public trust created pursuant to

 Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes of which the State of Oklahoma is

 the beneficiary, or other instrumentality thereof; and
 - 14. "Tort" means a legal wrong, independent of contract, involving violation of a duty imposed by general law, statute, the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma, or otherwise, resulting in a loss to any person, association or corporation as the proximate result of an act or omission of a political subdivision or the state or an employee acting within the scope of employment.
- 10 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 51 O.S. 2011, Section 154, is
 11 amended to read as follows:
 - Section 154. A. The total liability of the state and its political subdivisions on claims within the scope of The Governmental Tort Claims Act, arising out of an accident or occurrence happening after the effective date of this act October 1, 1985, Section 151 et seq. of this title, shall not exceed:
 - 1. Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) for any claim or to any claimant who has more than one claim for loss of property arising out of a single act, accident, or occurrence;
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, One Hundred
 Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) to any claimant for a
 claim for any other loss arising out of a single act, accident, or
 occurrence. The limit of liability for the state or any city or
 county with a population of three hundred thousand (300,000) or more

1 according to the latest federal Decennial Census, or a political 2 subdivision as defined in subparagraph s of paragraph 11 of Section 152 of this title, shall not exceed One Hundred Seventy-five 3 Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00). Except however, the limits of said 5 the liability for the University Hospitals and State Mental Health Hospitals operated by the Department of Mental Health and Substance 6 Abuse Services for claims arising from medical negligence shall be 7 Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00). For claims arising from 9 medical negligence by any licensed physician, osteopathic physician 10 or certified nurse-midwife rendering prenatal, delivery or infant care services from September 1, 1991, through June 30, 1996, 11 pursuant to a contract authorized by subsection B of Section 1-106 12 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes and in conformity with the 13 requirements of Section 1-233 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 14 the limits of said the liability shall be Two Hundred Thousand 15 Dollars (\$200,000.00); or 16

- 3. One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) for any number of claims arising out of a single occurrence or accident.
- B. 1. Beginning on the effective date of this act May 28,

 20 2003, claims shall be allowed for wrongful criminal felony

 conviction resulting in imprisonment if the claimant has received a

 full pardon on the basis of a written finding by the Governor of

 actual innocence for the crime for which the claimant was sentenced

 or has been granted judicial relief absolving the claimant of guilt

17

on the basis of actual innocence of the crime for which the claimant
was sentenced. The Governor or the court shall specifically state,
in the pardon or order, the evidence or basis on which the finding
of actual innocence is based.

- 2. As used in paragraph 1 of this subsection, for a claimant to recover based on "actual innocence", the individual must meet the following criteria:
 - a. the individual was charged, by indictment or information, with the commission of a public offense classified as a felony,
 - b. the individual did not plead guilty to the offense charged, or to any lesser included offense, but was convicted of the offense,
 - c. the individual was sentenced to incarceration for a term of imprisonment as a result of the conviction,
 - d. the individual was imprisoned solely on the basis of the conviction for the offense, and
 - e. (1) in the case of a pardon, a determination was made

 by either the Pardon and Parole Board or the

 Governor that the offense for which the

 individual was convicted, sentenced and

 imprisoned, including any lesser offenses, was

 not committed by the individual, or

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (2) in the case of judicial relief, a court of competent jurisdiction found by clear and convincing evidence that the offense for which the individual was convicted, sentenced and imprisoned, including any lesser included offenses, was not committed by the individual and issued an order vacating, dismissing or reversing the conviction and sentence and providing that no further proceedings can be or will be held against the individual on any facts and circumstances alleged in the proceedings which had resulted in the conviction.
- 3. A claimant shall not be entitled to compensation for any part of a sentence in prison during which the claimant was also serving a concurrent sentence for a crime not covered by this subsection.
- 4. The total liability of the state and its political subdivisions on any claim within the scope of The Governmental Tort Claims Act arising out of wrongful criminal felony conviction resulting in imprisonment shall not exceed One Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00).
- 5. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to convictions occurring on or before the effective date of this act May 28, 2003, as well as convictions occurring after the effective date of this

- act May 28, 2003. If a court of competent jurisdiction finds that retroactive application of this subsection is unconstitutional, the prospective application of this subsection shall remain valid.
- C. No award for damages in an action or any claim against the state or a political subdivision shall include punitive or exemplary damages.
- D. When the amount awarded to or settled upon multiple claimants exceeds the limitations of this section, any party may apply to the district court which has jurisdiction of the cause to apportion to each claimant the claimant's proper share of the total amount as limited herein. The share apportioned to each claimant shall be in the proportion that the ratio of the award or settlement made to him bears to the aggregate awards and settlements for all claims against the state or its political subdivisions arising out of the occurrence. When the amount of the aggregate losses presented by a single claimant exceeds the limits of paragraph 1 or 2 of subsection A of this section, each person suffering a loss shall be entitled to that person's proportionate share.
- E. The total liability of resident physicians and interns while participating in a graduate medical education program of the University of Oklahoma College of Medicine, its affiliated institutions and the Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery shall not exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00).

- F. The state or a political subdivision may petition the court that all parties and actions arising out of a single accident or occurrence shall be joined as provided by law, and upon order of the court the proceedings upon good cause shown shall be continued for a reasonable time or until such joinder has been completed. The state or political subdivision shall be allowed to interplead in any action which may impose on it any duty or liability pursuant to this act the Governmental Tort Claims Act.
 - G. The liability of the state or political subdivision under The Governmental Tort Claims Act shall be several from that of any other person or entity, and the state or political subdivision shall only be liable for that percentage of total damages that corresponds to its percentage of total negligence. Nothing in this section shall be construed as increasing the liability limits imposed on the state or political subdivision under The Governmental Tort Claims Act.
 - SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 51 O.S. 2011, Section 155, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2016 (51 O.S. Supp. 2020, Section 155), is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 155. The state or a political subdivision shall not be liable if a loss or claim results from:
 - 1. Legislative functions;

- 2. Judicial, quasi-judicial, or prosecutorial functions, other than claims for wrongful criminal felony conviction resulting in imprisonment provided for in Section 154 of this title;
 - 3. Execution or enforcement of the lawful orders of any court;
- 4. Adoption or enforcement of or failure to adopt or enforce a law, whether valid or invalid, including, but not limited to, any statute, charter provision, ordinance, resolution, rule, regulation or written policy;
- 5. Performance of or the failure to exercise or perform any act or service which is in the discretion of the state or political subdivision or its employees;
- 6. Civil disobedience, riot, insurrection or rebellion or the failure to provide, or the method of providing, police, law enforcement or fire protection;
 - 7. Any claim based on the theory of attractive nuisance;
- 8. Snow or ice conditions or temporary or natural conditions on any public way or other public place due to weather conditions, unless the condition is affirmatively caused by the negligent act of the state or a political subdivision;
- 9. Entry upon any property where that entry is expressly or implied authorized by law;
- 22 10. Natural conditions of property of the state or political subdivision;

- 11. Assessment or collection of taxes or special assessments, license or registration fees, or other fees or charges imposed by law;
- 12. Licensing powers or functions including, but not limited to, the issuance, denial, suspension or revocation of or failure or refusal to issue, deny, suspend or revoke any permit, license, certificate, approval, order or similar authority;
- 13. Inspection powers or functions, including failure to make an inspection, review or approval, or making an inadequate or negligent inspection, review or approval of any property, real or personal, to determine whether the property complies with or violates any law or contains a hazard to health or safety, or fails to conform to a recognized standard;
- 14. Any loss to any person covered by any workers' compensation act or any employer's liability act;
- 15. Absence, condition, location or malfunction of any traffic or road sign, signal or warning device unless the absence, condition, location or malfunction is not corrected by the state or political subdivision responsible within a reasonable time after actual or constructive notice or the removal or destruction of such signs, signals or warning devices by third parties, action of weather elements or as a result of traffic collision except on failure of the state or political subdivision to correct the same within a reasonable time after actual or constructive notice.

- Nothing herein shall give rise to liability arising from the failure of the state or any political subdivision to initially place any of the above signs, signals or warning devices. The signs, signals and warning devices referred to herein are those used in connection with hazards normally connected with the use of roadways or public ways and do not apply to the duty to warn of special defects such as excavations or roadway obstructions;
 - 16. Any claim which is limited or barred by any other law;
 - 17. Misrepresentation, if unintentional;
 - 18. An act or omission of an independent contractor or consultant or his or her employees, agents, subcontractors or suppliers or of a person other than an employee of the state or political subdivision at the time the act or omission occurred;
 - 19. Theft by a third person of money in the custody of an employee unless the loss was sustained because of the negligence or wrongful act or omission of the employee;
 - 20. Participation in or practice for any interscholastic or other athletic contest sponsored or conducted by or on the property of the state or a political subdivision;
 - 21. Participation in any activity approved by a local board of education and held within a building or on the grounds of the school district served by that local board of education before or after normal school hours or on weekends;

- 22. Use of indoor or outdoor school property and facilities made available for public recreation before or after normal school hours or on weekends or school vacations, except those claims resulting from willful and wanton acts of negligence. For purposes of this paragraph:
 - a. "public" includes, but is not limited to, students during nonschool hours and school staff when not working as employees of the school, and
 - b. "recreation" means any indoor or outdoor physical activity, either organized or unorganized, undertaken for exercise, relaxation, diversion, sport or pleasure, and that is not otherwise covered by paragraph 20 or 21 of this section;
- 23. Any court-ordered, Department of Corrections or county approved work release program; provided, however, this provision shall not apply to claims from individuals not in the custody of the Department of Corrections based on accidents involving motor vehicles owned or operated by the Department of Corrections;
- 24. The activities of the National Guard, the militia or other military organization administered by the Military Department of the state when on duty pursuant to the lawful orders of competent authority:
 - a. in an effort to quell a riot,

- b. in response to a natural disaster or military attack,or
 - c. if participating in a military mentor program ordered by the court;
 - 25. Provision, equipping, operation or maintenance of any prison, jail or correctional facility, or injuries resulting from the parole or escape of a prisoner or injuries by a prisoner to any other prisoner; provided, however, this provision shall not apply to claims from individuals not in the custody of the Department of Corrections based on accidents involving motor vehicles owned or operated by the Department of Corrections;
 - 26. Provision, equipping, operation or maintenance of any juvenile detention facility, or injuries resulting from the escape of a juvenile detainee, or injuries by a juvenile detainee to any other juvenile detainee;
 - 27. Any claim or action based on the theory of manufacturer's products liability or breach of warranty, either expressed or implied;
- 28. Any claim or action based on the theory of indemnification or subrogation; provided, however, a political subdivision as

 defined in subparagraph s of paragraph 11 of Section 152 of this

 title may enter into a contract with a contract operator or any

 railroad operating in interstate commerce that sells a property

 interest or provides services to a regional transportation

- 1 | authority, or allows the regional transportation authority to use
- 2 | the railroad's property or tracks for the provision of public
- 3 passenger rail service, providing for the allocation of financial
- 4 responsibility, indemnification, or the procurement of insurance for
- 5 | the parties for all types of claims or damages, provided that funds
- 6 have been appropriated to cover the resulting contractual obligation
- 7 at the time the contract is executed. The acquisition of commercial
- 8 | liability insurance to cover the activities of the regional
- 9 transportation authority, contract operator or railroad shall not
- 10 operate as a waiver of any of the liabilities, immunities or
- 11 defenses provided for political subdivisions pursuant to the
- 12 provisions of The Governmental Tort Claims Act. A contract entered
- 13 | into under this paragraph shall not affect rights of employees under
- 14 | the Federal Employers Liability Act or the Federal Railway Labor
- 15 | Act;
- 29. Any claim based upon an act or omission of an employee in
- 17 | the placement of children;
- 18 30. Acts or omissions done in conformance with then current
- 19 recognized standards;
- 20 31. Maintenance of the state highway system or any portion
- 21 thereof unless the claimant presents evidence which establishes
- 22 either that the state failed to warn of the unsafe condition or that
- 23 | the loss would not have occurred but for a negligent affirmative act
- 24 of the state;

- 32. Any confirmation of the existence or nonexistence of any effective financing statement on file in the office of the Secretary of State made in good faith by an employee of the office of the Secretary of State as required by the provisions of Section 1-9-320.6 of Title 12A of the Oklahoma Statutes;
 - 33. Any court-ordered community sentence;
 - 34. Remedial action and any subsequent related maintenance of property pursuant to and in compliance with an authorized environmental remediation program, order, or requirement of a federal or state environmental agency;
 - 35. The use of necessary and reasonable force by a school district employee to control and discipline a student during the time the student is in attendance or in transit to and from the school, or any other function authorized by the school district;
 - 36. Actions taken in good faith by a school district employee for the out-of-school suspension of a student pursuant to applicable Oklahoma Statutes; or
 - 37. Use of a public facility opened to the general public during an emergency.
- 20 SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2021.

1	Passed the Senate the 2nd day of March, 2021.
2	
3	
4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
6	2021.
7	
8	
9	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
L O	
L1	
L2	
.3	
L4	
15	
16	
L7	
. 8	
L9	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	